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**METHOD AND DEVICE FOR BUTT WELDING METAL
SHEETS OF DIFFERING THICKNESSES WITH THE AID OF
AT LEAST ONE HEIGHT-ADJUSTABLE TENSION ROLLER
THAT IS LOCATED BELOW THE METAL SHEETS**

Specification:

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a United States National Phase application of International Application PCT/EP2004/010670 and claims the benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of German Application DE 103 57 891.9 filed December 11 2003, the entire contents of which are

5 incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention pertains to a method for butt welding metal sheets of

differing thicknesses according to the preamble of claim 1 and to a device for carrying out the method according to the preamble of patent claim 4.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] A device for the continuous welding of strips or metal sheets guided in abutting relationship by means of at least one stationary laser beam with tension rollers arranged in pairs on both sides of the strips or metal sheets to be welded together at right angles to the direction of motion of the strips or metal sheets is known from EP 299 358 B1. The upper tension rollers are mounted here in a vertically movable manner in rockers movable independently from one another in order to roll on the metal sheets in a suitable manner. As a result, the upper tension rollers can assume different levels especially during the butt welding of metal sheets of differing thicknesses. The two tension rollers arranged below the metal sheets to be welded together are arranged stationarily, i.e., they are not adjustable in height and thus form a uniform, flat support for the metal sheets to be welded together.

[0004] DE 93 14 720 U1 describes a device for smoothing weld seams prepared before on relatively thin metal sheets, where a support roller each is arranged above the metal sheets, namely, in the immediate area of the weld seam, and a smoothing roller, which can be fed and locked, is arranged below the metal sheets, in order to eliminate or at least smooth a bead of the weld seam that may possibly be present on the underside of the metal sheets after welding.

[0005] _____ Finally, EP 713 746 B1 describes a device and a method for butt welding flat metal sheets of differing thicknesses by means of a laser beam, wherein the jump in thickness between the two metal sheets is arranged on the underside and the metal sheets undergo plastic deformation in the area of the thickness jump before the welding operation. The upper metal sheet holding plates and a lower carrying structure are shaped correspondingly for this purpose.

[0006] _____ Even though it is described in the state of the art that the thickness jump between the metal sheets is arranged either above or below the metal sheets, no provisions are, however, made for a changeover of the device from thicker and thinner metal sheets and especially for a changeover of the thickness jump from top to bottom and vice versa in these welding devices.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] _____ The basic object of the present invention is therefore to ~~propose~~provide a method of this ~~class~~type and a device for carrying out this method, in which the arrangement of the thick metal sheet and the thin metal sheet and especially the arrangement of the thickness jump can be varied as desired with one and the same device.

~~This object is accomplished with the independent claims 1 and 4. Additional suggestions concerning the method are contained in claims 2 and 3.~~

[0008] _____ Provisions are made in the method according to the present invention and in the device for carrying out this method for the tension rollers to be also able to be adjusted in height below the metal sheets at least on one side of the weld seam, besides the metal sheets [~~"Blechen"~~ in line 21, p. 2 of German original is an obvious typo for "Spannrollen" meaning "tension rollers"=

5 ~~Fr.]~~ rolling on the top side of the metal sheet in a vertically movable and/or spring-loaded manner. Preferably only one of the two tension rollers arranged below the metal sheets is adjustable in height, while the other roller is arranged stationarily on the support. "Adjustable in height" means here that no elastic support is provided for this tension roller, but it is adjustable preferably as a function of the preset thickness and/or preset, necessary height position of the metal sheet. It has
10 also proved to be favorable, in particular, to change or adjust the height of a lower tension roller during the ongoing welding operation, so that the relative positions of the two metal sheet edges abutting against each other can be changed over the course of the weld seam, e.g., in a sinusoidal pattern or according to a defined, preset curve. A so-called thickness jump can thus be obtained fully or partially within a component, e.g., from the bottom side of the metal sheets to the top side
15 of the metal sheets and back again (cf. Figure 9).

[0009] _____ For the adjustment, the lower tension rollers may be preferably arranged at a bearing that is adjustable in height on vertical guide rails with a simple drive for height adjustment.

[0010] _____ Contrary to the state of the art, any desired changeover of the thickness jump is possible with the method according to the present invention in the area of the weld seam between

the top side and the bottom side of the metal sheets. In addition, as is also apparent from the attached figures, any desired changeover of the thicker metal sheet from left to right is possible as well. This is especially advantageous when components that are needed for the left-hand side and the right-hand side of a passenger car and must have a mirror inverted design must be
5 manufactured. The manufacture of such mirror inverted components was not provided for and was not possible with the state of the art or was possible only after a complicated rotation and repositioning of the corresponding metal sheets of the component ~~only with the state of the art~~. Such a rotation and repositioning is not necessary according to the present invention. As is apparent from the description of the figures, both mirror inverted components (cf. Figures 7 and
10 8) and components with alternating thickness jump in the course of a weld seam can be manufactured by the simple height adjustment of a lower tension roller.

~~The present invention will be explained in greater detail as an example on the basis of Figures 1 through 9 attached. In the drawings,~~

Figure 1 ———— show

15 [0011] The various features of novelty which characterize the invention are pointed out with particularity in the claims annexed to and forming a part of this disclosure. For a better understanding of the invention, its operating advantages and specific objects attained by its uses, reference is made to the accompanying drawings and descriptive matter in which preferred embodiments of the invention are illustrated.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] In the drawings:

[0013] Figure 1 is a side view of the tension rollers 4, 5, 10 arranged below and above the metal sheets 1, 2 during welding;

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5 **[0014]** Figures 2 through 6 show different is a front views of the tension rollers 4, 5 and 10 with showing one of different positions of the thickness jump 3 and of the height-adjustable tension roller 4, and

Figures 7 through 9 show;

10 **[0015]** Figure 3 is a front view of the tension rollers showing another of different positions of the thickness jump and of the height-adjustable tension roller;

[0016] Figure 4 is a front view of the tension rollers showing another of different positions of the thickness jump and of the height-adjustable tension roller;

[0017] Figure 5 is a front view of the tension rollers showing another of different positions of the thickness jump and of the height-adjustable tension roller;

15 **[0018]** Figure 6 is a front view of the tension rollers showing another of different positions of the thickness jump and of the height-adjustable tension roller;

[0019] Figure 7 is a top view and a sectional view of different components fitted together from the metal sheets 1, 2 and 1', 2'.

In;

[0020] Figure 8 is a top view and a sectional view of other components fitted together from the metal sheets; and

[0021] Figure 9 is a top view and a sectional view of other components fitted together from the metal sheets.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0022] Referring to the drawings in particular, in the side view of the entire welding

device, Figure 1 shows only the associated tension rollers 4, 5 and 10, between which the metal sheets are guided in the direction of passage D during the welding operation. The tension roller 4 is a height-adjustable tension roller 4 (that is adjustable in position as to height and then fixed in

this height position). The upper tension roller 10 is fastened here in the known manner to a

rocker 12, which is suspended essentially on the spring 14 and is adjustable in height about the

horizontal axis of rotation of the bearing block 13. The laser beam arranged [~~sic - probably type~~

~~for word meaning "in a position indicated" - Tr.] by the arrow 11 is directed within the upper~~

tension roller 10 between the two tension rollers 10 (cf. Figure 2) toward the contact line between

the two metal sheets 1, 2. Since the metal sheets 1, 2 and 1', 2' preferably have different

thicknesses in the area of the laser weld seam, the thickness jump designated by 3, 3' is obtained

there. This thickness jump is arranged on top in the normal case according to Figure 2, the two undersides of the metal sheets 1, 2 forming a flat surface in the area of the weld seam. In this case, the height-adjustable tension roller 4 is also in its so-called zero position, at the same level as the opposite tension roller 5 arranged at the stationary bearing 7. The upper tension roller 10 arranged on the right-hand side of the weld seam lies on the thicker metal sheet 2 and the left-hand tension roller 10 on the thinner metal sheet 1. In the same manner, the thicker metal sheet 2 could also be arranged on the left and the thinner metal sheet 1 on the right of the weld seam in the view according to Figure 2. However, the thickness jump 3 between the two metal sheets is at the top in both cases.

[0023] In Figures 3 and 4, the thickness jump is at the bottom, so that the top sides of the two metal sheets form a horizontal plane, on which the two tension rollers 10 roll at the same level. In the view according to Figure 3, the thinner metal sheet 1 is arranged on the left and the tension roller 4 located under it is adjusted upward in relation to the zero position according to Figure 2 by the corresponding difference in height by means of the height-adjustable bearing 8 and of the corresponding drive 9. In the view according to Figure 4, in which the thicker metal sheet 2 is arranged on the left, the tension roller 4 is adjusted downward from the zero position by the difference in thickness. The height position of the tension roller 5 remains unchanged in all cases. The upper tension rollers 10 automatically assume the height position that is determined by the metal sheet located on the tension roller 5 on the right. Consequently, only the height position of the left-hand tension roller 4 must be adjusted.

[0024] _____ Figures 7 and 8 show a top view and a sectional view of two mirror inverted components, Figure 7 showing the thickness jump 3 at the top and Figure 8 showing the thickness jump 3 at the bottom, the thin metal sheet 1 being located on the left and the thick metal sheet 2 on the right in both cases. Figures 5 and 6, arranged next to these figures (7 and 8 respectively),
5 show once again Figures 2 and 3 on a smaller scale and in a somewhat more schematic form.

[0025] _____ In its lower area, Figure 9 shows a top view of another component fitted together from the metal sheets 1' and 2'. The peculiarity here is that the thickness jump 3' within this component along the weld seam is changed continuously only by the height adjustment of the tension roller 4 during the welding operation. The thickness jump 3' is arranged at the top in the
10 area of the section lines A-A and C-C, whereas it is arranged at the bottom in the area of the section line B-B. Consequently, the location of the thickness jump 3' changes, preferably continuously, starting from the two ends of the weld seam, so that either the right-hand metal sheet 1' or the left-hand metal sheet 2' has an arc shape in the area of the weld seam. It is, of course, most simple if the thicker metal sheet 2' extends on the stationary tension roller 5 and the
15 thin metal sheets [~~"Bleche" meaning "metal sheets" in line 20, pp. 5 of German original is a typo for "Blech" meaning "metal sheet" - Tr.]sheet~~ extends on the height-adjustable tension roller 4 and only the thinner metal sheet is deformed in an ~~bottom-shaped manner~~ [~~"bodenförmig" in line 22, p. 5 of German original is an obvious typo for "bogenförmig" meaning "in an arc-shaped manner" - Tr.]~~.

List of Reference Numbers

	1, 1'—Metal sheet (thin)
	2, 2'—Metal sheet (thick)
	3, 3'—Thickness jump between 1 and 2 or 1' and 2' (at bottom or at top)
5	4—Tension roller
	5—Tension roller
	6—Gap between 4 and 5
	7—Bearing for 5 (stationary)
	8—Bearing for 4 (height-adjustable)
10	9—Drive for height adjustment
	10—Tension rollers (top)
	11—Laser beam
	12—Rocker at 13
	13—Bearing block
15	14—Spring
	D—Direction of passage for 1, 2

ABSTRACT

~~_____The invention relates to a.~~

[0026] While specific embodiments of the invention have been shown and described in detail to illustrate the application of the principles of the invention, it will be understood that the invention may be embodied otherwise without departing from such principles.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method for butt welding metal sheets (1, 2), preferably sheet metal strips or blanks of differing thicknesses, is provided by the relative displacement of a laser beam or electron beam in relation to the metal sheets (1, 2), along the line of contact of said sheets (1, 2) or the line of the welding seam that is to be produced, ~~with t.~~ The aid of method and device use tension rollers (4, 5, 10) that are located in pairs at a distance from one another above and below the sheets (1, 2) in the vicinity of the welding seam. -The tension rollers (10) that are located above the sheets (1, 2) roll off the latter (1, 2) in a height-adjustable and/or sprung manner.- The height of the tension rollers (4, 5) that are located below the sheets (1, 2) on at least one side of the welding seam is adjusted.